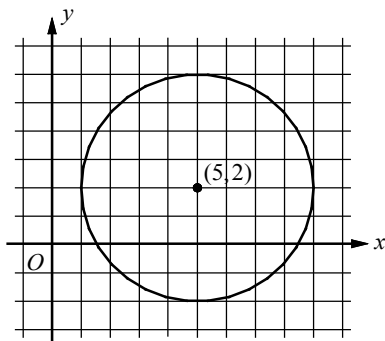


## Exercises - Circles in the Coordinate Plane

1



Which of the following equations represents the equation of the circle shown in the  $xy$ -plane above?

- A)  $(x+5)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 4$
- B)  $(x-5)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 4$
- C)  $(x+5)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 16$
- D)  $(x-5)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 16$

2

Which of the following is an equation of a circle in the  $xy$ -plane with center  $(-2, 0)$  and a radius with endpoint  $(0, \frac{3}{2})$ ?

- A)  $x^2 + (y - \frac{3}{2})^2 = \frac{5}{2}$
- B)  $x^2 + (y - \frac{3}{2})^2 = \frac{25}{4}$
- C)  $(x+2)^2 + y^2 = \frac{25}{4}$
- D)  $(x-2)^2 + y^2 = \frac{25}{4}$

3

$$x^2 + 12x + y^2 - 4y + 15 = 0$$

The equation of a circle in the  $xy$ -plane is shown above. Which of the following is true about the circle?

- A) center  $(-6, 2)$ , radius = 5
- B) center  $(6, -2)$ , radius = 5
- C) center  $(-6, 2)$ , radius =  $\sqrt{15}$
- D) center  $(6, -2)$ , radius =  $\sqrt{15}$

4

Which of the following represents an equation of a circle whose diameter has endpoints  $(-8, 4)$  and  $(2, -6)$ ?

- A)  $(x-3)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 50$
- B)  $(x+3)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 50$
- C)  $(x-3)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 25$
- D)  $(x+3)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 25$

5

$$x^2 + 2x + y^2 - 4y - 9 = 0$$

The equation of a circle in the  $xy$ -plane is shown above. If the area of the circle is  $k\pi$ , what is the value of  $k$ ?