

## 8. Nationalism and Economic Development

- Which of the following statements accurately describes the Monroe Doctrine?
  - It caused an immediate change in the U.S. role in world affairs.
  - It asserted the U.S. right to send troops into the countries of Latin America to provide political stability.
  - It declared U.S. opposition to European intervention in the affairs of independent countries of the Western Hemisphere.
  - It was fully supported by the British government.
  - It established the U.S. claim to being a world power.



- The map above shows the United States directly after the
  - Louisiana Purchase
  - War of 1812
  - Rush-Bagot Treaty
  - Florida Purchase
  - Missouri Compromise
- Which of the following increased southern planters' reliance on slaves?
  - Missouri Compromise
  - invention of the steamboat
  - invention of the cotton gin
  - Lowell System
  - Louisiana Purchase
- The Erie Canal was significant because it
  - challenged railroads as the primary transportation system of the early 1800s
  - tied the manufacturing of the East to the farming of the West
  - was the first federally funded internal improvement
  - stimulated subsistence farming and manufacturing in the West
  - increased trade with Great Britain
- A major effect of John Marshall's Supreme Court decisions was to
  - expand federal power and limit the states' power
  - expand the states' power and limit federal power
  - declare federal laws to be unconstitutional
  - protect and enlarge the jurisdiction of state courts

- (E) legitimize a strict interpretation of the U.S. Constitution
6. Henry Clay's idea of an American System included all of the following EXCEPT
- (A) protective tariffs
  - (B) internal improvements
  - (C) state banks
  - (D) increased trade between all sections of the country
  - (E) federal funds for a national transportation system
7. Which of the following is a correct statement about the United States at the beginning of the Era of Good Feelings?
- (A) Sectionalism had become the dominant force in the nation.
  - (B) There were no more divisions within the ranks of the Republican party.
  - (C) Federalists and Republicans united on an economic program of internal improvements and protective tariffs.
  - (D) Friendliness and cooperation with Britain replaced earlier policies of hostility.
  - (E) Nationalism strongly influenced American culture and politics.
8. Which pair of issues aroused the most controversy in 1819 and 1820?
- (A) internal improvements and Latin American independence
  - (B) slavery in Missouri and Latin American independence
  - (C) slavery in Missouri and a financial crisis
  - (D) Monroe's prospects for reelection and a financial crisis
  - (E) Monroe's prospects for reelection and the protective tariff
9. Which of the following best describes changes in the American economy in the 1820s?
- (A) improved transportation in the West, depressed conditions in the South
  - (B) industrialization in the Northeast, diversified farming in the South
  - (C) improved transportation in the West, industrialization in the North
  - (D) cotton farming in the South, depressed conditions in the North
  - (E) railroads in all sections providing the primary stimulus for economic growth
10. In the first decades of the 19th century, the Industrial Revolution in the United States was supported by developments in all of the following areas EXCEPT
- (A) the factory system
  - (B) transportation
  - (C) corporations
  - (D) mechanical inventions
  - (E) crafts unions